

इंटरनेट

मानक

Disclosure to Promote the Right To Information

Whereas the Parliament of India has set out to provide a practical regime of right to information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of public authorities, in order to promote transparency and accountability in the working of every public authority, and whereas the attached publication of the Bureau of Indian Standards is of particular interest to the public, particularly disadvantaged communities and those engaged in the pursuit of education and knowledge, the attached public safety standard is made available to promote the timely dissemination of this information in an accurate manner to the public.

“जानने का अधिकार, जीने का अधिकार”

Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan

“The Right to Information, The Right to Live”

“पुराने को छोड़ नये के तरफ”

Jawaharlal Nehru

“Step Out From the Old to the New”

IS 12085 (1987): cyclohexylamine for boiler water treatment
[CHD 13: Water Quality for Industrial Purposes]



“ज्ञान से एक नये भारत का निर्माण”

Satyanarayan Gangaram Pitroda

“Invent a New India Using Knowledge”



“ज्ञान एक ऐसा खजाना है जो कभी चुराया नहीं जा सकता है”

Bhartrhari—Nitiśatakam

“Knowledge is such a treasure which cannot be stolen”

BLANK PAGE



, IS : 12085 - 1987

Indian Standard
SPECIFICATION FOR
CYCLOHEXYLAMINE FOR
BOILER WATER TREATMENT

UDC 547·592·12 : 621·187·128

© Copyright 1987

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS
MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG
NEW DELHI 110002

Gr 2

December 1987

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 SEPTEMBER 1990
TO
IS 12085:1987 SPECIFICATION FOR
CYCLOHEXYLAMINE FOR BOILER WATER TREATMENT**

(Page 4,clause 4.1) - Substitute the following for the existing clause:

'4.1 Packing - The material shall be packed in lined MS drums or any other suitable containers which should not react with cyclohexylamine or as agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier.'

(CHD 13)

Reprography Unit, BIS, New Delhi, India

Indian Standard

SPECIFICATION FOR CYCLOHEXYLAMINE FOR BOILER WATER TREATMENT

Boiler Water Sectional Committee, CDC 57

<i>Chairman</i>	<i>Representing</i>
SHRI P. C. D. G. SAMUEL	Madras Refineries Ltd, Madras
<i>Members</i>	
SHRI J. N. BHOWMIK	West Bengal State Electricity Board, Calcutta
SHRI B. K. SANTRA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI T. M. BALASUBRAMANIAN	Central Electrochemical Research Institute (CSIR), Karaikudi
DR G. VENKATACHARI (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI R. N. BANERJEE	Development Consultants Pvt Ltd, Calcutta
SHRI S. K. CHATTERJEE (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI D. CHATTERJEE	Delta Enterprises Pvt Ltd, Calcutta
CHEMIST & METALLURGIST II, RDSO, LUCKNOW	Railway Board (Ministry of Railways)
CHEMIST & METALLURGIST (W. R.) (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI SOMENATH GHOSE	Jai Guru Engineering Co (India), Calcutta
SHRI ANANDAMOY GHOSE (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI VIJAY KUMAR GOEL	Ministry of Industry (Department of Industrial Development), New Delhi
SHRI G. T. JADEJA	Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co Ltd, Bombay
SHRI B. K. GANDHI (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI J. JHA	Central Electricity Authority, New Delhi
SHRI KSHIRSAGAR	Maharashtra State Electricity Board, Bombay
DR V. M. KELKAR	Engineers India Ltd, New Delhi
SHRI K. RUDRAPPA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI K. R. KRISHNASWAMY	Central Power Research Institute, Bangalore
SHRI G. UDAYABHASKAR (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI S. MAHADEVAN	Chemical Consultants, Madras
DR P. K. MATHUR	Indira Gandhi Centre for Atomic Research (BARC), Kalpakkam
SHRI R. NATARAJAN	Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd, Tiruchchirappalli
SHRI T. R. NAGARAJAN (<i>Alternate I</i>)	
DR A. PRABHAKAR RAO (<i>Alternate II</i>)	
SHRI R. NATARAJAN	Hindustan Dorr-Oliver Ltd, Bombay
SHRI SUBASH VERMA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI ANIL G. PANDIT	Thermax Pvt Ltd, Pune

(Continued on page 2)

© Copyright 1987

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

This publication is protected under the *Indian Copyright Act* (XIV of 1957) and reproduction in whole or in part by any means except with written permission of the publisher shall be deemed to be an infringement of copyright under the said Act.

IS : 12085 - 1987

(Continued from page 1)

<i>Members</i>	<i>Representing</i>
SHRI C. L. PATEL	Gujarat Electricity Board, Ukai
SHRI R. G. MANDAN (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI RAM GOPAL	National Thermal Power Corporation Ltd, New Delhi
SHRI R. K. DWIVEDI (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI N. RAMACHANDRAN	Ion Exchange (India) Ltd, Bombay
SHRI A. B. TONGAONKAR (<i>Alternate</i>)	
DR S. K. ROY	IEL Limited, Calcutta
SHRI N. B. SAINANI	Indian Farmers Fertilizer Co-operative Ltd, New Delhi
SHRI G. H. JOSHI (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI M. V. SASTRY	IAEC Ltd, Bombay
SHRI M. K. SENGUPTA	Hindustan Fertilizer Corporation Ltd, Durgapur
SHRI A. K. BHATTACHARJEE (<i>Alternate</i>)	
DR V. K. SETH	Projects & Development India Ltd, Sindri
SHRI D. P. SINGH	Delhi Electric Supply Undertaking, New Delhi
SHRI K. B. CHHABRA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI G. P. SINGH	Steel Authority of India Ltd, New Delhi
SHRI A. P. SINHA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI R. SWAMINATHAN	National Organic Chemical Industries Ltd, Bombay
SHRI M. D. VIJAYARANGAM	Tamil Nadu State Electricity Board, Madras
SHRI V. TULASIRAMAN (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI SATISH CHANDER, Director (Chem)	Director General, BIS (<i>Ex-officio Member</i>)

Secretary

SHRI S. ARAVAMUDHAN
Joint Director (Chem), BIS

Chemicals for Boiler System Subcommittee, CDC 57 : 3

Convener

SHRI S. MAHADEVAN Chemical Consultants, Madras

Members

SHRI B. B. AJMANI	Railway Board (Ministry of Railways)
SHRI C. D. DIXIT (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI ANANDAMOY GHOSE	Jai Guru Engineering Co (India), Calcutta
SHRI SOMENATH GHOSE (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI S. CHANDRASEKHAR	Ion Exchange (India) Ltd, Bombay
SHRI N. RAMACHANDRAN (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI D. CHATTERJEE	Delta Enterprises Pvt Ltd, Calcutta
SHRI A. K. ROY (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI G. R. DUBEY	Gwalior Rayon Silk Mfg (Wvg) Co Ltd, Birlagram
SHRI G. B. KHER (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI S. N. GOSWAMI	Shriram Foods & Fertilizer Industries, New Delhi

(Continued on page 8)

Indian Standard
**SPECIFICATION FOR
CYCLOHEXYLAMINE FOR
BOILER WATER TREATMENT**

0. FOREWORD

0.1 This Indian Standard was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 1 January 1987, after the draft finalized by the Boiler Water Sectional Committee had been approved by the Chemical Division Council.

0.2 For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS : 2-1960*. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

1. SCOPE

1.1 This standard prescribes the requirements and methods of sampling and test for cyclohexylamine.

2. TERMINOLOGY

2.1 For the purpose of this standard, definitions given in IS : 11671-1985† shall apply.

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 The material shall be clear and free from matter in suspension and shall consist essentially of cyclohexylamine, $C_6H_{11}NH_2$.

3.2 The material shall comply with the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

*Rules for rounding off numerical values (*revised*).

†Glossary of terms relating to boiler waters.

TABLE 1 REQUIREMENTS FOR CYCLOHEXYLAMINE FOR
BOILER WATER TREATMENT

(Clause 3.2)

SL No.	CHARACTERISTIC	REQUIREMENT	METHOD OF TEST, REF TO
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Purity, percent by mass, <i>Min</i>	99.2	Appendix A
ii)	Relative density, 20°/20°C	0.860 to 0.870	IS : 3025 (Part 12)- 1983*
iii)	Colour, Hazen unit, <i>Max</i>	10	IS : 3025 (Part 4)- 1985*
iv)	Boiling range, <i>Min</i>	95 percent by volume between 130°C and 135°C	IS : 5298-1984†
v)	Residue on evaporation, percent by mass, <i>Max</i>	0.01	10 of IS : 3025-1964‡
vi)	Ash content, g/100 ml, <i>Max</i>	0.003	11 of IS : 3025-1964‡
vii)	Iron (as Fe), ppm, <i>Max</i>	5	32 of IS : 3025-1964‡
viii)	Copper (as Cu), ppm, <i>Max</i>	5	36 of IS : 3025-1964‡
ix)	Nickel (as Ni), ppm, <i>Max</i>	5	14 of IS : 2488 (Part 1)-1968§
x)	Silica (as SiO ₂), ppm, <i>Max</i>	5	30 of IS : 3025-1964‡
xi)	Chloride (as Cl), ppm, <i>Max</i>	5	24 of IS : 3025-1964‡
xii)	Miscibility with water	No opalescence when one volume is mixed at 15°C with 10 volumes of water	

*Methods of sampling and test (physical and chemical) for water and waste water:
Part 12 Density (*first revision*).
Part 4 Colour (*first revision*).

†Methods for determination of distillation range and of distillation yield (*first revision*).

‡Methods of sampling test (physical and chemical) for water used in industry.

§Methods of sampling and test for industrial effluents, Part 1.

4. PACKING AND MARKING

4.1 Packing — The material shall be packed in suitable polyethylene lined containers as agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier.

4.2 Marking — The containers shall be marked with the following:

- Name of the material;
- Name of the manufacturer or his recognized trade-mark, if any;
- Net mass or volume;

- d) Batch number;
- e) Cautionary note as given below:

CYCLOHEXYLAMINE IS CAUSTIC AND CONTACT WITH SKIN SHOULD BE AVOIDED. EYE PROTECTOR SHOULD ALWAYS BE WORN WHEN THE MATERIAL IS BEING HANDLED.

4.2.1 The containers may also be marked with the Standard Mark.

NOTE — The use of the Standard Mark is governed by the provisions of the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder. The Standard Mark on products covered by an Indian Standard conveys the assurance that they have been produced to comply with the requirements of that standard under a well defined system of inspection, testing and quality control which is devised and supervised by BIS and operated by the producer. Standard marked products are also continuously checked by BIS for conformity to that standard as a further safeguard. Details of conditions under which a licence for the use of the Standard Mark may be granted to manufacturers or producers may be obtained from the Bureau of Indian Standards.

5. SAMPLING

5.1 General Requirements of Sampling

5.1.0 In drawing, preparing, storing and handling samples, the following precautions and directions shall be observed.

5.1.1 Samples shall not be taken in an exposed place.

5.1.2 The sampling instruments shall be clean and dry.

5.1.3 Precautions shall be taken to protect the samples, the material being sampled, the sampling instruments and the containers for samples from adventitious contamination. To draw a representative sample from a container, the material shall be mixed thoroughly by suitable means before sampling.

5.1.4 The sample shall be placed in clean and air-tight glass bottles or other suitable containers on which the material has no action and which have been washed several times with the material to be sampled.

5.1.5 The sample containers shall be of such a size that they are filled by the sample leaving an ullage of not more than five percent.

5.1.6 Each sample container shall be sealed air-tight after filling, and marked with full details of sampling, the date of sampling and the year of manufacture of the material.

5.2 Scale of Sampling

5.2.1 Lot — All containers in a single consignment of the material drawn from a single batch of manufacture shall constitute a lot. If a consignment is declared or known to consist of different batches, of

manufacture, the batches shall be marked separately and the groups of containers in each batch shall constitute separate lots.

5.2.2 For ascertaining conformity of the material in a lot to the requirements of this specification, samples shall be tested for each lot separately. The number of containers to be selected at random from lots of different sizes shall be in accordance with Table 2.

TABLE 2 NUMBER OF CONTAINERS TO BE SELECTED FOR SAMPLING

Lot Size N	Sample Size n
(1)	(2)
3 to 15	3
16 to 40	4
41 to 65	5
66 to 110	7
111 and above	10

5.2.2.1 In order to ensure randomness of selection, the following procedure shall be adopted:

‘Arrange all the containers in the lot in a systematic manner and starting from any one, count them as 1, 2, 3 up to r , where r is the integral part of N/n (N and n being the lot size and sample size respectively). Every r th container thus counted shall be withdrawn to constitute the test sample.

6. TESTS

6.1 Tests shall be carried out as prescribed in col 4 of Table 1.

6.2 Quality of Reagents — Unless otherwise specified, reagent grade chemical and distilled water (see IS : 1070-1977*) shall be employed in tests.

NOTE — Reagent grade chemicals shall mean chemicals that do not contain impurities which affect the results of analysis.

*Specification for water for general laboratory use (second revision).

A P P E N D I X A[*Table 1 Sl No. (i)*]**METHOD FOR DETERMINATION OF PURITY OF
CYCLOHEXYLAMINE****A-0. PRINCIPLE**

A-0.1 The sample is neutralized with excess hydrochloric acid solution and the excess acid is titrated with standard sodium hydroxide solution.

A-1. REAGENTS

A-1.1 Standard Hydrochloric Acid — 0.5 mol/l solution.

A-1.2 Methyl Red Indicator — See IS : 2263-1979*.

A-2. PROCEDURE

A-2.1 Introduce from a pipette 50 ml of 0.5 mol/l hydrochloric acid into 250-ml Erlenmeyer flask. Add a drop of methyl red indicator and from a tared Lunge pipette add 2 g of the sample directly into acid. Reweigh the Lunge pipette and observe the colour of the solution which should be pink or red.

NOTE — A yellow colour solution at this point indicates that the sample size was excessive. In this case repeat the determination with a smaller size sample.

A-2.1.1 Heat the solution to boiling and boil gently for approximately one minute to remove carbon dioxide. Titrate immediately with 0.5 mol/l sodium hydroxide solution to yellow end point. Calculate the percentage of cyclohexylamine as given in A-3.

A-3. CALCULATION

$$\text{Cyclohexylamine, percent by mass} = \frac{9.917 (V_2 - V_1)}{M}$$

where

V_1 = volume in ml of standard sodium hydroxide solution used for titrating excess acid in the flask containing sample;

V_2 = volume in ml of standard sodium hydroxide solution used for titrating 50 ml of acid; and

M = weight in g of the sample taken for test.

*Methods of preparation of indicator solution (*first revision*).

IS : 12085 - 1987

(Continued from page 2)

<i>Members</i>	<i>Representing</i>
SHRI K. R. KRISHNASWAMY	Central Power Research Institute, Bangalore
KUMARI P. S. RAJALAKSHMI (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI S. M. C. PILLAI	National Thermal Power Corporation Ltd, New Delhi
SHRI S. DASGUPTA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI S. N. RAYCHOUDHARY	Hindustan Lever Ltd, Bombay
SHRI H. N. CHAKRABORTY (<i>Alternate</i>)	
DR SANDIP ROY	IEL Limited, Calcutta
SHRI R. BHARGAVA (<i>Alternate</i>)	
SHRI M. V. SUBRAMANIAM	Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co Ltd, Bombay
SHRI D. N. INDURKAR (<i>Alternate</i>)	
DR A. K. WAGBE	Thermax Pvt Ltd, Pune
DR U. D. DATAR (<i>Alternate</i>)	

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

Headquarters:

Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, NEW DELHI 110002

Telephones: 3 31 01 31, 3 31 13 75

Telegrams: Manaksanstha
(Common to all Offices)

Regional Offices:

Telephone

*Western : Manakalaya, E9 MIDC, Marol, Andheri (East), 6 32 92 95
BOMBAY 400093

†Eastern : 1/14 C. I. T. Scheme VII M, V. I. P. Road, 36 24 99
Maniktola, CALCUTTA 700054

Northern : SCO 445-446, Sector 35C, { 2 18 43
CHANDIGARH 160036 { 3 16 41

Southern : C. I. T. Campus, MADRAS 600113 { 41 24 42
{ 41 25 19
{ 41 29 16

Branch Offices:

'Pushpak', Nurmohamed Shaikh Marg, Khanpur, { 2 63 48
AHMADABAD 380001 { 2 63 49

'F' Block, Unity Bldg, Narasimharaja Square, 22 48 05
BANGALORE 560002

Gangotri Complex, 5th Floor, Bhadbhada Road, T. T. Nagar, 6 67 16
BHOPAL 462003

Plot No. 82/83, Lewis Road, BHUBANESHWAR 751002 5 36 27

53/5, Ward No. 29, R.G. Barua Road, 5th Byelane —
GUWAHATI 781003

5-8-56C L. N. Gupta Marg (Nampally Station Road), 23 10 83
HYDERABAD 500001

R14 Yudhister Marg, C Scheme, JAIPUR 302005 { 6 34 71
{ 6 98 32

117/418 B Sarvodaya Nagar, KANPUR 208005 { 21 68 76
{ 21 82 92

Patliputra Industrial Estate, PATNA 800013 6 23 05

Hantex Bldg (2nd Floor), Railway Station Road, 7 66 37
TRIVANDRUM 695001

Inspection Offices (With Sale Point):

Pushpanjali, 205A West High Court Road, 2 51 71
Bharampeth Extension, NAGPUR 440010

Institution of Engineers (India) Building, 1332 Shivaji Nagar, 5 24 35
PUNE 411005

*Sales Office in Bombay is at Novelty Chambers, Grant Road, 89 65 28
Bombay 400007

†Sales Office in Calcutta is at 5 Chowringhee Approach, P. O. Prinsep 27 68 00
Street, Calcutta 700072

Printed at Printograph, New Delhi, India